

# Mechanics - PHY 6247

## HW 7

READ: Chap. 8: p. 334-362 , Chap. 9: p. 368-408

HOMEWORK:

1. Show that the symplectic condition in the form  $MJ = J(M^T)^{-1}$  is equivalent Eqs. (9.48a) and (9.48b) in Chapter 9 of the book.
2. Prove Jacobi's identity for Poisson brackets.
3. Determine whether the transformation  
 $Q_1 = q_1 q_2, \quad P_1 = \frac{p_1 - p_2}{q_2 - q_1} + 1$   
 $Q_2 = q_1 + q_2, \quad P_2 = \frac{q_2 p_2 - q_1 p_1}{q_2 - q_1} - (q_2 + q_1)$   
is canonical.
4. The motion of a particle of mass  $m$  undergoing constant acceleration  $a$  in one dimension is described by  $x = x_0 + \frac{p_0}{m}t + \frac{a}{2}t^2$ ,  $p = p_0 + mat$   
Consider now a transformation from  $(x, p)$  to  $(x_0, p_0)$ . Is this transformation canonical?
5. Consider now the transformation  
 $Q = -p, \quad P = q + Ap^2$ .
  - a) Is this transformation canonical?
  - b) Using these new variables  $(Q, P)$ , find the new Hamiltonian for a particle moving vertically in a uniform gravitational field  $g$  given by  $H = \frac{p^2}{2m} + mgq$ . Show that we can make  $Q$  cyclic by choosing the constant  $A$  appropriately.
  - c) Using this new Hamiltonian, solve the equations of motion and then use the transformation equations to find the original variables  $(q, p)$  as functions of time.